

# Crystal structure and absolute configuration of (3*aR*,3'*aR*,7*aS*,7'*aS*)-2,2,2',2'-tetramethyl-3*a*,6,7,7*a*,3'*a*,6',7',7'*a*-octahydro-4,4'-bi[1,3-benzodioxolyl], obtained from a Pd-catalyzed homocoupling reaction

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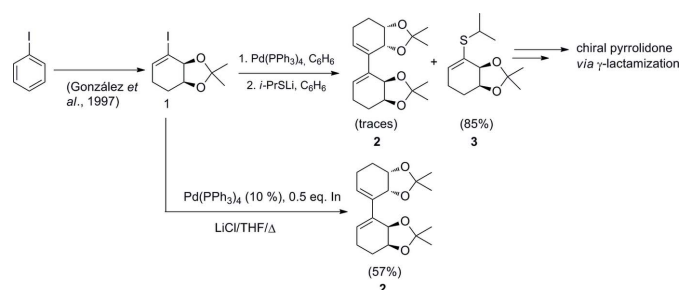
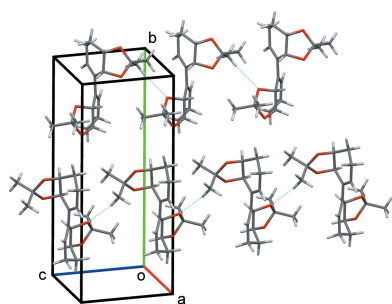
**Supporting information:** this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e

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The absolute configuration, *i.e.* (3*aR*,3'*aR*,7*aS*,7'*aS*), of the title compound, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, synthesized *via* a palladium-catalyzed homocoupling reaction, was determined on the basis of the synthetic pathway and was confirmed by X-ray diffraction. The homocoupled molecule is formed by two chemically identical moieties built up from two five- and six-membered fused rings. The supramolecular assembly is controlled mainly by C—H···O interactions that lead to the formation of hydrogen-bonded chains of molecules along the [001] direction, while weak dipolar interactions and van der Waals forces hold the chains together in the crystal structure.

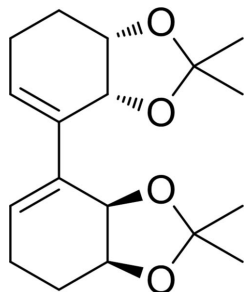
## 1. Chemical context

Over the last few years, we have focused our efforts on the synthesis of vinylsulfimines as precursors in  $\gamma$ -lactamization reactions to generate asymmetric pyrrolidone derivatives which are of interest in medicinal chemistry (Silveira *et al.*, 2012, 2014; Silveira & Marino, 2013; Pereira *et al.*, 2015). Encouraged by our previous experience in functionalizing halo-cyclohexenediols (Heguaburu *et al.*, 2008; Labora *et al.*, 2010; Heguaburu *et al.*, 2010; Labora *et al.*, 2008), we synthesized a vinylic sulfide (molecule **3** in Fig. 1) from protected iodo-cyclohexenediol (molecule **1** in Fig. 1). This latter compound was obtained firstly by regioselective reduction of iodocyclohexenediol derived from the biotransformation of iodobenzene (González *et al.*, 1997). The obtained



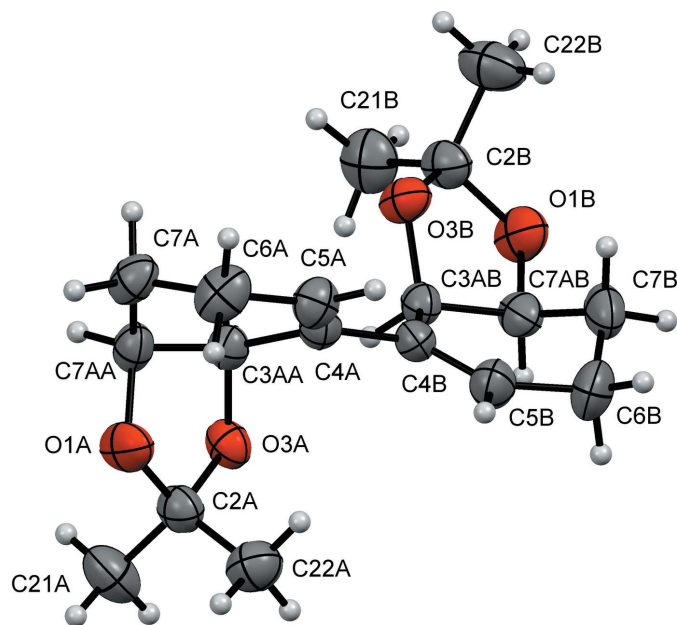
**Figure 1**  
Synthetic pathway showing the formation of the homocoupled compound C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.

compound was treated with lithium isopropylthiolate in the presence of 5% of Pd (PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> as catalyst to obtain the vinyl sulfide in 85% yield. Surprisingly, one of the attempts to perform this reaction proceeded to afford traces of the homocoupled product (molecule **2** in Fig. 1). Considering this finding, we decided to prepare this new compound *via* a palladium-catalyzed homocoupling reaction of the vinylic iodide (molecule **1** in Fig. 1), mediated by indium, according to the Lee protocol (Lee *et al.*, 2005). Herein, we report this new synthetic method and the crystal structure of the title compound.



## 2. Structural commentary

The absolute configuration of the title compound (Fig. 2) was determined to be 3*aR*,3'*aR*,7*aS*,7'*aS* by considering the synthetic pathway and confirmed by X-ray diffraction on the basis of the anomalous dispersion of light atoms only. The molecule is built up from two chemically identical moieties (called *A* and *B*), each one composed of two fused rings and connected through the C4*A*–C4*B* bond. The six-membered rings (C3*AA*/*AB*, C7*AA*/*AB*, C7*A*/*B*, C6*A*/*B*, C5*A*/*B*, C4*A*/*B*)



**Figure 2**  
The molecular structure of the title compound, showing anisotropic displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

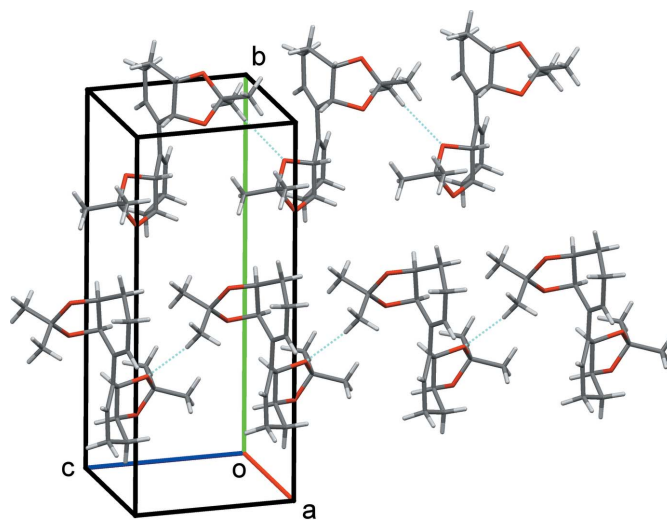
<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>
C22 <i>A</i> –H22 <i>F</i> ···O3 <i>B</i> <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.56	3.510 (3)	171

Symmetry code: (i) *x*, *y*, *z* – 1.

adopt an envelope conformation with atoms C7*A*/*B* (located *para* to C4*A*/*B*) as the flap [puckering parameters are  $Q = 0.403$  (2) Å,  $\theta = 49.2$  (3)°,  $\varphi = 108.2$  (4)° and  $Q = 0.490$  (2) Å,  $\theta = 58.5$  (2)°,  $\varphi = 114.9$  (3)°, respectively]. The five-membered rings (O1*A*/*B*, C2*A*/*B*, O3*A*/*B*, C3*AA*/*AB*, C7*AA*/*AB*) adopt a twisted conformation [puckering parameters  $Q(2) = 0.3285$  (17) Å,  $\varphi(2) = 115.6$  (3)° and  $Q(2) = 0.3268$  (18) Å,  $\varphi(2) = 101.4$  (3)°, respectively]. In fragment *A*, the flap of the envelope is oriented away from the five-membered ring while in fragment *B*, both C7 and the five-membered ring are on the same side of the plane of the envelope, making them conformationally different. The dihedral angle between the least-square planes through the six-membered rings is 43.15 (9)° while the dihedral angles between the five and six-membered rings are 69.31 (10) and 76.95 (10)° in *A* and *B*, respectively, leaving the two five-membered rings on opposite sides of the C4*A*–C4*B* bond and almost in the same plane, normal to the bisector plane of both six-membered rings.

## 3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal, weak C22*A*–H22*F*···O3*B*<sup>i</sup> [symmetry code: (i) *x*, *y*, *z* – 1] interactions link the molecules in chains running along [001], see Fig. 3 and Table 1. In the [100] and [010] directions, only weak dipolar interactions or van der Waals forces act between neighboring chains to stabilize the three-dimensional array of the crystal structure.



**Figure 3**  
The crystal structure of the title compound, showing the C–H···O hydrogen-bonding interactions (dotted lines) along the [001] direction.

#### 4. Database survey

A search of the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD Version 5.36 with one update; Groom *et al.*, 2016) using as a criterion the existence of molecular structures composed of two similar fragments of fused five and six-membered rings gave no results. However, a search for similar systems considering only the six-membered ring resulted in four hits, *viz.* two different crystal structures for (5,5'-diphenyl-1,1'-bi(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)-4,4'-diyl)dimethanol in space groups  $P1$  and  $P\bar{1}$ , ( $S,S$ )-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphinoyl)bi(cyclohex-1-ene) and ( $3S,6R$ )-3-isopropyl-2-[( $3R,6S$ )-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-1-cyclohexenyl]-6-methylcyclohexene; none of which is composed of fused rings. These results demonstrate the rarity of this sort of molecule. While there are no reports about such systems, the structure of (3*aS*,4*S*,5*R*,7*aR*)-2,2,7-trimethyl-3*a*,4,5,7*a*-tetrahydro-1,3-benzodioxole-4,5-diol was published recently (Macías *et al.*, 2015). In this case, the conformation of the fused rings keeps a level of similarity with the structural assembly of the title compound.

#### 5. Synthesis and crystallization

A mixture of the vinylic iodide (molecule **1** in Fig. 1) (140 mg, 0.5 mmol), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (10% wt., 14.4 mg, 0.025 mmol), indium (28.7 mg, 0.25 mmol), and lithium chloride (31.8 mg, 0.75 mmol) in dry THF (2 mL) was stirred at reflux for 4 h under a nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (sat. aq.). The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 20 mL), and the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexanes/ethyl acetate 95:5) to give the desired homocoupled product (43.5 mg, 57%).

Crystals suitable for X-ray crystallographic analysis were obtained by dissolving the title compound in the minimum volume of ethyl acetate, adding hexanes until the solution became slightly turbid, and slowly evaporating the solvent at room temperature. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 6.16 (*t*, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 4.72 (*d*, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.33–4.29 (*m*, 2H), 2.36–2.27 (*m*, 2H), 2.09–2.00 (*m*, 2H), 1.87–1.71 (*m*, 4H), 1.40 (*s*, 6H); 1.39 (*s*, 6H). All spectroscopic and analytical data were in full agreement with the literature (Boyd *et al.*, 2011).

#### 6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. H atoms bonded to C were placed in calculated positions (C–H = 0.93–0.98 Å) and included as riding contributions with isotropic displacement parameters set to 1.2–1.5 times the  $U_{eq}$  of the parent atom.

#### Acknowledgements

The authors wish to thank CAPES/UDELAR (project No. 049/2013) for financial support. GPS and GDV acknowledge

Table 2

Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>26</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
$M_r$	306.39
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1$
Temperature (K)	298
$a, b, c$ (Å)	6.2927 (7), 17.9903 (19), 7.2991 (8)
$\beta$ (°)	95.216 (4)
$V$ (Å <sup>3</sup> )	822.89 (16)
$Z$	2
Radiation type	Cu $K\alpha$
$\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.69
Crystal size (mm)	0.40 × 0.35 × 0.30
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 Venture/Photon 100 CMOS
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2013)
$T_{min}, T_{max}$	0.687, 0.754
No. of measured, independent and observed [ $I > 2\sigma(I)$ ] reflections	27011, 3232, 3135
$R_{int}$	0.026
$(\sin \theta/\lambda)_{max}$ (Å <sup>-1</sup> )	0.618
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.027, 0.071, 1.08
No. of reflections	3232
No. of parameters	204
No. of restraints	1
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta\rho_{max}, \Delta\rho_{min}$ (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.13, -0.10
Absolute structure	Flack $x$ determined using 1475 quotients $[(I^+)-(I^-)]/[(I^+)+(I^-)]$ (Parsons <i>et al.</i> , 2013)
Absolute structure parameter	0.04 (4)

Computer programs: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2013), SHELXS2014 (Sheldrick, 2008, 2015), SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015), Mercury (Macrae *et al.*, 2008) and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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## supporting information

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## Crystal structure and absolute configuration of (3a*R*,3'a*R*,7a*S*,7'a*S*)-2,2,2',2'-tetramethyl-3a,6,7,7a,3'a,6',7',7'a-octahydro-4,4'-bi[1,3-benzodioxoly], obtained from a Pd-catalyzed homocoupling reaction

**Mario A. Macías, Enrique Pandolfi, Valeria Schapiro, Gustavo P. Silveira, Guilherme D. Vilela and Leopoldo Suescun**

### Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2013); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2013); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2013); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS2014* (Sheldrick, 2008, 2015); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2008, 2015); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

(3a*R*,3'a*R*,7a*S*,7'a*S*)-2,2,2',2'-Tetramethyl-3a,6,7,7a,3'a,6',7',7'a-octahydro-4,4'-bi[1,3-benzodioxoly]

### Crystal data

C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

*M<sub>r</sub>* = 306.39

Monoclinic, *P*2<sub>1</sub>

*a* = 6.2927 (7) Å

*b* = 17.9903 (19) Å

*c* = 7.2991 (8) Å

β = 95.216 (4)°

*V* = 822.89 (16) Å<sup>3</sup>

*Z* = 2

*F*(000) = 332

*D<sub>x</sub>* = 1.237 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Cu *Kα* radiation, λ = 1.54178 Å

Cell parameters from 9685 reflections

θ = 4.9–72.4°

μ = 0.69 mm<sup>-1</sup>

*T* = 298 K

Parallelepiped, yellow

0.40 × 0.35 × 0.30 mm

### Data collection

Bruker D8 Venture/Photon 100 CMOS diffractometer

Radiation source: Cu Incoatec microsource

Detector resolution: 10.4167 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2013)

*T<sub>min</sub>* = 0.687, *T<sub>max</sub>* = 0.754

27011 measured reflections

3232 independent reflections

3135 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)

*R<sub>int</sub>* = 0.026

θ<sub>max</sub> = 72.4°, θ<sub>min</sub> = 4.9°

*h* = -7→7

*k* = -21→22

*l* = -9→9

### Refinement

Refinement on *F*<sup>2</sup>

Least-squares matrix: full

*R*[*F*<sup>2</sup> > 2σ(*F*<sup>2</sup>)] = 0.027

*wR*(*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.071

*S* = 1.08

3232 reflections

204 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0389P)^2 + 0.0652P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.13 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.10 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Extinction correction: SHELXL,  $F_c^* = kF_c[1+0.001xF_c^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
 Extinction coefficient: 0.0184 (15)  
 Absolute structure: Flack  $x$  determined using 1475 quotients  $[(I^-)-(I^+)]/[(I^-)+(I^+)]$  (Parsons *et al.*, 2013)  
 Absolute structure parameter: 0.04 (4)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C7A	0.6166 (3)	1.13949 (11)	0.8000 (3)	0.0486 (4)
H7AA	0.5916	1.1910	0.7652	0.058*
H7AB	0.6639	1.1382	0.9302	0.058*
C6B	0.5034 (4)	0.77162 (12)	0.6693 (3)	0.0621 (6)
H6BA	0.5554	0.7523	0.5577	0.074*
H6BB	0.3603	0.7526	0.6774	0.074*
C2A	0.8127 (3)	1.05458 (10)	0.4052 (2)	0.0451 (4)
C7B	0.6472 (4)	0.74545 (11)	0.8343 (3)	0.0553 (5)
H7BA	0.5835	0.7580	0.9464	0.066*
H7BB	0.6625	0.6919	0.8297	0.066*
C22A	0.6299 (3)	1.01769 (13)	0.2920 (3)	0.0580 (5)
H22D	0.5609	1.0532	0.2084	0.087*
H22E	0.5291	0.9991	0.3719	0.087*
H22F	0.6832	0.9773	0.2235	0.087*
C2B	1.0094 (3)	0.83055 (10)	1.1168 (3)	0.0480 (4)
C21A	0.9882 (4)	1.07986 (15)	0.2908 (3)	0.0674 (6)
H21D	1.0446	1.0377	0.2306	0.101*
H21E	1.1000	1.1030	0.3691	0.101*
H21F	0.9314	1.1149	0.2000	0.101*
C21B	1.2355 (4)	0.85972 (14)	1.1342 (4)	0.0659 (6)
H21A	1.2803	0.8687	1.0139	0.099*
H21B	1.3284	0.8237	1.1970	0.099*
H21C	1.2417	0.9053	1.2029	0.099*
C22B	0.9298 (5)	0.81210 (16)	1.2994 (3)	0.0716 (7)
H22A	0.7901	0.7905	1.2800	0.107*
H22B	0.9231	0.8567	1.3710	0.107*
H22C	1.0254	0.7774	1.3637	0.107*
C6A	0.4092 (3)	1.09664 (11)	0.7669 (3)	0.0548 (5)
H6AA	0.3159	1.1102	0.8602	0.066*
H6AB	0.3389	1.1105	0.6481	0.066*
C5B	0.4969 (3)	0.85505 (11)	0.6607 (3)	0.0491 (4)

H5B	0.3814	0.8774	0.5935	0.059*
C5A	0.4430 (3)	1.01436 (10)	0.7714 (3)	0.0452 (4)
H5A	0.3277	0.9845	0.7940	0.054*
C4B	0.6466 (3)	0.89895 (9)	0.7434 (2)	0.0363 (3)
C4A	0.6263 (2)	0.98093 (9)	0.7455 (2)	0.0354 (4)
C3AB	0.8491 (3)	0.86610 (9)	0.8348 (2)	0.0370 (4)
H3AB	0.9718	0.8867	0.7785	0.044*
O3B	0.8671 (2)	0.88358 (7)	1.02685 (17)	0.0462 (3)
C3AA	0.8247 (2)	1.02504 (9)	0.7153 (2)	0.0355 (3)
H3AA	0.9338	1.0159	0.8173	0.043*
O3A	0.90773 (18)	1.00550 (6)	0.54514 (17)	0.0426 (3)
C7AB	0.8628 (3)	0.78135 (10)	0.8361 (2)	0.0452 (4)
H7B	0.9330	0.7645	0.7290	0.054*
O1B	0.9974 (3)	0.76615 (7)	1.0002 (2)	0.0601 (4)
C7AA	0.7894 (3)	1.10842 (9)	0.6933 (3)	0.0423 (4)
H7A	0.9235	1.1349	0.7263	0.051*
O1A	0.7303 (3)	1.11563 (8)	0.50051 (18)	0.0580 (4)

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C7A	0.0564 (11)	0.0367 (9)	0.0508 (10)	0.0081 (8)	-0.0048 (8)	-0.0077 (8)
C6B	0.0703 (14)	0.0432 (11)	0.0720 (14)	-0.0180 (10)	0.0032 (11)	-0.0097 (10)
C2A	0.0536 (10)	0.0381 (9)	0.0439 (9)	0.0048 (8)	0.0056 (8)	0.0063 (7)
C7B	0.0742 (13)	0.0309 (9)	0.0634 (12)	-0.0063 (8)	0.0210 (10)	0.0003 (8)
C22A	0.0607 (11)	0.0618 (13)	0.0506 (11)	0.0013 (10)	-0.0001 (9)	-0.0027 (9)
C2B	0.0613 (11)	0.0383 (9)	0.0438 (9)	0.0127 (8)	0.0026 (8)	0.0052 (7)
C21A	0.0667 (14)	0.0740 (15)	0.0628 (13)	-0.0058 (11)	0.0129 (10)	0.0236 (11)
C21B	0.0605 (13)	0.0570 (13)	0.0785 (15)	0.0122 (10)	-0.0026 (11)	0.0089 (11)
C22B	0.0899 (17)	0.0771 (17)	0.0488 (12)	0.0198 (14)	0.0117 (11)	0.0137 (11)
C6A	0.0462 (10)	0.0513 (12)	0.0652 (12)	0.0139 (8)	-0.0034 (8)	-0.0090 (9)
C5B	0.0524 (10)	0.0445 (10)	0.0495 (10)	-0.0073 (8)	-0.0002 (8)	0.0003 (8)
C5A	0.0372 (8)	0.0459 (10)	0.0521 (10)	-0.0014 (7)	0.0022 (7)	-0.0023 (8)
C4B	0.0419 (8)	0.0333 (8)	0.0342 (8)	-0.0025 (6)	0.0060 (6)	0.0024 (6)
C4A	0.0371 (8)	0.0348 (8)	0.0334 (8)	-0.0008 (6)	-0.0019 (6)	0.0006 (6)
C3AB	0.0435 (8)	0.0295 (8)	0.0386 (8)	0.0007 (6)	0.0074 (6)	0.0005 (6)
O3B	0.0590 (7)	0.0379 (6)	0.0405 (6)	0.0146 (6)	-0.0024 (5)	-0.0036 (5)
C3AA	0.0347 (7)	0.0317 (8)	0.0391 (8)	0.0016 (6)	-0.0025 (6)	0.0019 (6)
O3A	0.0453 (6)	0.0363 (6)	0.0472 (6)	0.0065 (5)	0.0097 (5)	0.0063 (5)
C7AB	0.0606 (11)	0.0331 (9)	0.0433 (9)	0.0062 (8)	0.0133 (8)	-0.0010 (7)
O1B	0.0851 (9)	0.0355 (7)	0.0581 (8)	0.0181 (7)	-0.0034 (7)	0.0022 (6)
C7AA	0.0477 (9)	0.0297 (8)	0.0481 (9)	-0.0021 (7)	-0.0038 (7)	0.0010 (7)
O1A	0.0899 (10)	0.0370 (7)	0.0464 (7)	0.0179 (7)	0.0028 (7)	0.0078 (5)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C7A—C7AA	1.502 (3)	C21B—H21B	0.9600
C7A—C6A	1.516 (3)	C21B—H21C	0.9600

C7A—H7AA	0.9700	C22B—H22A	0.9600
C7A—H7AB	0.9700	C22B—H22B	0.9600
C6B—C5B	1.503 (3)	C22B—H22C	0.9600
C6B—C7B	1.514 (3)	C6A—C5A	1.495 (3)
C6B—H6BA	0.9700	C6A—H6AA	0.9700
C6B—H6BB	0.9700	C6A—H6AB	0.9700
C2A—O1A	1.423 (2)	C5B—C4B	1.331 (3)
C2A—O3A	1.439 (2)	C5B—H5B	0.9300
C2A—C22A	1.508 (3)	C5A—C4A	1.329 (2)
C2A—C21A	1.514 (3)	C5A—H5A	0.9300
C7B—C7AB	1.501 (3)	C4B—C4A	1.481 (2)
C7B—H7BA	0.9700	C4B—C3AB	1.505 (2)
C7B—H7BB	0.9700	C4A—C3AA	1.512 (2)
C22A—H22D	0.9600	C3AB—O3B	1.431 (2)
C22A—H22E	0.9600	C3AB—C7AB	1.527 (2)
C22A—H22F	0.9600	C3AB—H3AB	0.9800
C2B—O3B	1.427 (2)	C3AA—O3A	1.434 (2)
C2B—O1B	1.435 (2)	C3AA—C7AA	1.523 (2)
C2B—C22B	1.502 (3)	C3AA—H3AA	0.9800
C2B—C21B	1.511 (3)	C7AB—O1B	1.430 (2)
C21A—H21D	0.9600	C7AB—H7B	0.9800
C21A—H21E	0.9600	C7AA—O1A	1.428 (2)
C21A—H21F	0.9600	C7AA—H7A	0.9800
C21B—H21A	0.9600		
C7AA—C7A—C6A	112.42 (16)	H22A—C22B—H22B	109.5
C7AA—C7A—H7AA	109.1	C2B—C22B—H22C	109.5
C6A—C7A—H7AA	109.1	H22A—C22B—H22C	109.5
C7AA—C7A—H7AB	109.1	H22B—C22B—H22C	109.5
C6A—C7A—H7AB	109.1	C5A—C6A—C7A	112.39 (15)
H7AA—C7A—H7AB	107.9	C5A—C6A—H6AA	109.1
C5B—C6B—C7B	110.85 (17)	C7A—C6A—H6AA	109.1
C5B—C6B—H6BA	109.5	C5A—C6A—H6AB	109.1
C7B—C6B—H6BA	109.5	C7A—C6A—H6AB	109.1
C5B—C6B—H6BB	109.5	H6AA—C6A—H6AB	107.9
C7B—C6B—H6BB	109.5	C4B—C5B—C6B	123.93 (18)
H6BA—C6B—H6BB	108.1	C4B—C5B—H5B	118.0
O1A—C2A—O3A	105.85 (14)	C6B—C5B—H5B	118.0
O1A—C2A—C22A	108.30 (16)	C4A—C5A—C6A	124.64 (17)
O3A—C2A—C22A	111.49 (15)	C4A—C5A—H5A	117.7
O1A—C2A—C21A	110.76 (17)	C6A—C5A—H5A	117.7
O3A—C2A—C21A	107.39 (16)	C5B—C4B—C4A	122.49 (16)
C22A—C2A—C21A	112.85 (18)	C5B—C4B—C3AB	120.26 (16)
C7AB—C7B—C6B	110.32 (16)	C4A—C4B—C3AB	117.22 (14)
C7AB—C7B—H7BA	109.6	C5A—C4A—C4B	121.95 (15)
C6B—C7B—H7BA	109.6	C5A—C4A—C3AA	121.45 (15)
C7AB—C7B—H7BB	109.6	C4B—C4A—C3AA	116.60 (14)
C6B—C7B—H7BB	109.6	O3B—C3AB—C4B	109.67 (13)



H7BA—C7B—H7BB	108.1	O3B—C3AB—C7AB	102.38 (13)
C2A—C22A—H22D	109.5	C4B—C3AB—C7AB	116.09 (15)
C2A—C22A—H22E	109.5	O3B—C3AB—H3AB	109.5
H22D—C22A—H22E	109.5	C4B—C3AB—H3AB	109.5
C2A—C22A—H22F	109.5	C7AB—C3AB—H3AB	109.5
H22D—C22A—H22F	109.5	C2B—O3B—C3AB	107.11 (13)
H22E—C22A—H22F	109.5	O3A—C3AA—C4A	111.61 (13)
O3B—C2B—O1B	105.65 (14)	O3A—C3AA—C7AA	102.20 (13)
O3B—C2B—C22B	108.06 (17)	C4A—C3AA—C7AA	114.69 (14)
O1B—C2B—C22B	110.10 (19)	O3A—C3AA—H3AA	109.4
O3B—C2B—C21B	110.69 (17)	C4A—C3AA—H3AA	109.4
O1B—C2B—C21B	109.18 (18)	C7AA—C3AA—H3AA	109.4
C22B—C2B—C21B	112.9 (2)	C3AA—O3A—C2A	107.67 (12)
C2A—C21A—H21D	109.5	O1B—C7AB—C7B	113.01 (16)
C2A—C21A—H21E	109.5	O1B—C7AB—C3AB	102.98 (15)
H21D—C21A—H21E	109.5	C7B—C7AB—C3AB	112.28 (15)
C2A—C21A—H21F	109.5	O1B—C7AB—H7B	109.5
H21D—C21A—H21F	109.5	C7B—C7AB—H7B	109.5
H21E—C21A—H21F	109.5	C3AB—C7AB—H7B	109.5
C2B—C21B—H21A	109.5	C7AB—O1B—C2B	109.73 (13)
C2B—C21B—H21B	109.5	O1A—C7AA—C7A	109.95 (15)
H21A—C21B—H21B	109.5	O1A—C7AA—C3AA	102.46 (14)
C2B—C21B—H21C	109.5	C7A—C7AA—C3AA	114.67 (15)
H21A—C21B—H21C	109.5	O1A—C7AA—H7A	109.8
H21B—C21B—H21C	109.5	C7A—C7AA—H7A	109.8
C2B—C22B—H22A	109.5	C3AA—C7AA—H7A	109.8
C2B—C22B—H22B	109.5	C2A—O1A—C7AA	109.73 (13)
C5B—C6B—C7B—C7AB	-52.6 (2)	C7AA—C3AA—O3A—C2A	-31.87 (16)
C7AA—C7A—C6A—C5A	44.4 (2)	O1A—C2A—O3A—C3AA	17.72 (18)
C7B—C6B—C5B—C4B	21.4 (3)	C22A—C2A—O3A—C3AA	-99.84 (17)
C7A—C6A—C5A—C4A	-21.2 (3)	C21A—C2A—O3A—C3AA	136.07 (17)
C6B—C5B—C4B—C4A	-174.59 (18)	C6B—C7B—C7AB—O1B	172.70 (16)
C6B—C5B—C4B—C3AB	7.3 (3)	C6B—C7B—C7AB—C3AB	56.7 (2)
C6A—C5A—C4A—C4B	-177.19 (17)	O3B—C3AB—C7AB—O1B	-31.08 (16)
C6A—C5A—C4A—C3AA	2.4 (3)	C4B—C3AB—C7AB—O1B	-150.49 (15)
C5B—C4B—C4A—C5A	41.2 (3)	O3B—C3AB—C7AB—C7B	90.79 (17)
C3AB—C4B—C4A—C5A	-140.59 (17)	C4B—C3AB—C7AB—C7B	-28.6 (2)
C5B—C4B—C4A—C3AA	-138.43 (17)	C7B—C7AB—O1B—C2B	-104.65 (19)
C3AB—C4B—C4A—C3AA	39.8 (2)	C3AB—C7AB—O1B—C2B	16.7 (2)
C5B—C4B—C3AB—O3B	-119.03 (18)	O3B—C2B—O1B—C7AB	4.1 (2)
C4A—C4B—C3AB—O3B	62.73 (18)	C22B—C2B—O1B—C7AB	120.57 (19)
C5B—C4B—C3AB—C7AB	-3.7 (2)	C21B—C2B—O1B—C7AB	-114.94 (18)
C4A—C4B—C3AB—C7AB	178.09 (14)	C6A—C7A—C7AA—O1A	63.7 (2)
O1B—C2B—O3B—C3AB	-25.2 (2)	C6A—C7A—C7AA—C3AA	-51.0 (2)
C22B—C2B—O3B—C3AB	-143.02 (19)	O3A—C3AA—C7AA—O1A	33.75 (16)
C21B—C2B—O3B—C3AB	92.87 (19)	C4A—C3AA—C7AA—O1A	-87.19 (17)
C4B—C3AB—O3B—C2B	158.69 (15)	O3A—C3AA—C7AA—C7A	152.83 (14)

C7AB—C3AB—O3B—C2B	34.88 (17)	C4A—C3AA—C7AA—C7A	31.9 (2)
C5A—C4A—C3AA—O3A	-122.95 (16)	O3A—C2A—O1A—C7AA	5.2 (2)
C4B—C4A—C3AA—O3A	56.69 (18)	C22A—C2A—O1A—C7AA	124.91 (17)
C5A—C4A—C3AA—C7AA	-7.3 (2)	C21A—C2A—O1A—C7AA	-110.85 (19)
C4B—C4A—C3AA—C7AA	172.30 (14)	C7A—C7AA—O1A—C2A	-146.62 (16)
C4A—C3AA—O3A—C2A	91.17 (15)	C3AA—C7AA—O1A—C2A	-24.27 (19)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D—H···A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H···A</i>	<i>D···A</i>	<i>D—H···A</i>
C22A—H22F···O3B <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.56	3.510 (3)	171

Symmetry code: (i) *x*, *y*, *z*-1.